Verified Beef Production Plus (VBP+) Self-Assessment

To help become familiar with the VBP+ program, this self-assessment outlines key areas relating to program outcomes. Please review and answer as best you can, and return to your provincial VBP+ coordinator who will assess to see what areas may need further understanding.

| Name: | Beef Cattle Operation Name: | | | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-----|
| Address: | Phone Number | Ema | il: | | |
| Food Sa | afety on the Farm, Ranch or Feedlot | Check (v) applicable column: | | | |
| | | Always | Sometimes or Aware | Never | N/A |
| Α. | Animal Health Management | | | | |
| | health products are used according label directions or a written ary prescription. | | | | |
| | d is kept on animal health treatments, vaccinations, deaths and zed cattle. (individual or by group/pen) | | | | |
| | dect broken needle incident occurs, the animal is identified and dent is recorded. If has not happened, check (v) here | | | | |
| | and animal health equipment are checked to see if the intended of product is injected/administered to cattle. | | | | |
| Animal l | health products are stored according to label direction. | | | | |
| B. N | Medicated Feed and Water is used? yes no | | | | |
| | tions in feed or water are fed and mixed according to label nor prescription. Records and prescriptions are available. | | | | |
| | water with medications are carefully managed to avoid tent/accidental feeding to the wrong cattle. | | | | |
| В. | Shipping Cattle | | | | |
| Records shipped | are checked for product/drug withdrawal times before cattle are . | | | | |
| | are checked for animals with any suspect broken needles before e shipped. Next owner is informed if animal is sold. | | | | |
| C. | Pesticides and Manure | | | | |
| | les and pesticides for pasture or hay fields used in the operation lied according to label direction. A record of usage exists. | | | | |
| | des, pesticides, treated seed, petrochemicals and used equipment batteries are stored/used and disposed so that cattle do not have | | | | |
| | or water or feed for cattle is not contaminated. Iding cattle destined for slaughter are subject to manure removal | | | | |
| at least | once annually. | | | | |
| D. | Training and Communication | | | | |
| | nembers/ staff understand tasks relating to responsible use of nealth products and medicated ingredients in feed or water. | | | | |
| Family n | nembers and/or staff understand what to do or who to ask if re made in treating and/or processing, feeding or shipping cattle. | | | | |
| | 2 2 2 2 2 4 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | | | 1 | |

| Biosecurity | | Check (V) applicable column: | | | |
|---|--------|------------------------------|-------|-----|--|
| | Always | Sometimes or Aware | Never | N/A | |
| Incoming replacement heifers, cows or bulls are isolated for a time period, monitored for health and/or vaccinated or treated with animal health products as needed. | | | | | |
| Cattle returning from 4-H events, cattle shows/sales and vet clinics are | | | | | |
| isolated for a period of time before re-joining the herd. | | | | | |
| A record is kept of cattle purchases, and cattle leaving the operation (sold or shipped). | | | | | |
| International visitors or returning family members/employees are aware of possible livestock disease transfer when coming back into Canada. | | | | | |
| When traveling internationally in rural areas, adequate caution is taken, including complete clothing change, showering, and cleaning/adequate drying of materials before entry on to a Canadian livestock operation. | | | | | |
| People travelling out of country understand that no food or otherwise prohibited products should be transported back to Canada. | | | | | |
| Cattle are not allowed access to raw human sewage, such as septic pump-outs and disposal of raw sewage waste. | | | | | |
| Family members and/or staff know who to contact if there is a disease outbreak or disease emergency. | | | | | |

Suggested questions to ask incoming visitors prior to coming to the beef cattle operation:

- a) Have they been outside Canada in the last two weeks?
- b) Have they been on a farm or exposed to livestock from outside Canada and USA?
- c) Have they been exposed to situation involving a reportable disease in the last 6 months?

| Animal Care Check (v) any applicable responses to the following questions | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Are you aware of Canada's Beef Code of Practice? yes no not sure | | | | |
| Under normal conditions, how often are cattle checked for illness or injury? Daily in winter, weekly in summer pastures More often during calving Daily Other: | | | | |
| Do you seek advice from a veterinary clinic(s) for animal health purposes? yes not really If yes, please check in general what type of advice is sought? Disease management Emergency assistance Feedlot or Herd health protocols | | | | |
| How are new persons mentored on how to handle cattle in your operation? Instruction by owner Oversight by manager or designate Formal training Shadow knowledgeable person and feedback Some not allowed to handle cattle Other: | | | | |
| What would you do if cattle were being mistreated or improperly handled on your operation? Instruct them on proper handling procedures Tell owner/manager in charge Re-train Re-assign to another task Don't invite them back to help Other: | | | | |

| If your neighbor or someone in your locality was neglecting or abusing cat consider? | tle, what o | ptions would | l you | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----|
| Possibly report to another cattle person with expertise Don't known | ow denenc | ds on severity | , | |
| Possibly communicate to authorities if necessary Ask exper | • | • | | |
| Other: | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Animal Care continued | Check (V) applicable column: | | | |
| | Always | Sometimes or Aware | Never | N/A |
| Cattle are fed and have access to water in a manner that meets their | | | | |
| nutritional needs. | | | | |
| If snow is a source of water for cows, it is loose /clean and a backup | | | | |
| water source exists. | | | | |
| Pens are designed and/or indoor housing is managed to allow for | | | | |
| drainage and comfortable resting areas. Shelter is provided as required. | | | | |
| Alternative management is provided to assist cattle that are less | | | | |
| competitive or have lost weight (especially during winter season) | | | | |
| The decision to euthanize an animal is done in a timely manner, with | | | | |
| appropriate equipment, and using an acceptable method. | | | | |
| Training on proper euthanasia (putting an animal down) is done. | | | | |
| Persons making shipping decisions understand what is not acceptable | | | | |
| when loading and transporting cattle. | | | | |
| A policy or protocol exists on how to handle non-ambulatory cattle that | | | | |
| cannot walk or stand on their own. People know what to do /not to do. | | | | |
| Persons transporting cattle understand the basics of Canada's livestock | | | | |
| transportation regulations. | | | | |
| Persons undertaking castration and dehorning understand when pain | | | | |
| control products need to be used as per veterinarian advice. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Environmental Stewardship Check (v) applicable responses as an | answer to | the following c | ulestions | |
| Check (v) applicable responses as an | answer to | the following q | uestions | |
| Have you completed an Environmental Farm Plan (EFP) and if so, in what y | | | | |
| Yes, completed in: No Not aware of EFP | | available in n | ny provi | nce |
| If an EFP was completed, what were the 1-2 actions on your operation as a | a result? | | | |
| 1 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | _ |
| List any training courses relating to grazing or grass management, crop pro | oduction c | r responsible | | _ |
| environmental practices you have taken in the past 5 years: | Judetion o | i responsible | | |
| construction processes you have taken in the past of yours. | | | | |
| | | | | _ |
| | | | | |

| Please identify some of the practices undertaken in the last 1-3 years for pasture/crop or soil health such as: Rotational Grazing Riparian Area Practices Use of Crop Rotations Cross-fencing Species at Risk Programs Off-site Watering Systems Local Watershed Planning Changing Grasses/Forage Mix Alternate/Cropping/Grazing Portable windbreaks/Change Wintering Ground Other: | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------------------|-----------|-----|--|--|--|
| Do you have a permit/license for Intensive Livestock or Confinement Feeding? NoYes If yes: Type of Permit: Cow/Calf Backgrounding Lot Feedlot Combination | | | | | | | |
| Do you have a nutrient or manure management plan? Yes No | | | | | | | |
| Have you participated in McDonald's Beef Sustainability Pilot? NoYes Average Score: | | | | | | | |
| Environmental Stewardship continued | Ched | ck (v) applicab | le columr | 1: | | | |
| | Always | Sometimes or Aware | Never | N/A | | | |
| Grasslands and grazing are managed in a manner that protects or | | | | | | | |
| enhances soil, forage and water health. | | | | | | | |
| Pasture or rangeland practices are adjusted as necessary to address | | | | | | | |
| drought, flooding, soil or wind erosion. | | | | | | | |
| Manure use/storage practices protect against surface run-off into water | | | | | | | |
| bodies and leaching into groundwater. | | | | | | | |
| Wintering grounds are managed to protect against runoff into water. | | | | | | | |
| Sensitive riparian areas are managed to protect water resource, as | | | | | | | |
| applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Deadstock is managed so that leaching into water bodies is avoided. | | | | | | | |
| On-farm chemicals are stored to avoid leakage to water system, and used | | | | | | | |
| in a manner that protects water health. | | | | | | | |
| Used material and waste is disposed in a responsible manner, and | | | | | | | |
| recycled where possible. | | | | | | | |
| If necessary, actions have been taken to manage invasive plant species on | | | | | | | |
| pasture or rangeland. | | | | | | | |
| The operation has clean-up material if a farm chemical spill happens. | | | | | | | |
| Practices are undertaken to conserve or reduce energy, as applicable. | | | | | | | |
| The operation includes wildlife habitat (mammals, reptiles, birds). | | | | | | | |
| Soil conservation practices are used for annual crops and feedgrains. | | | | | | | |
| OTHER: Staff and/or family members understand what is expected | | | | | | | |
| regarding safe working conditions. | l | | | l | | | |

Thank you for completing this form, and please forward to your provincial VBP+ coordinator. This lets our coordinators know that you are ready for the next steps, such as further training or recognition via an onfarm validation audit. If there are any questions do not hesitate to contact your provincial coordinator.

Building trust through sustainable beef production.

VBP+

www.verifiedbeefproductionplus.ca